

The Implementation of Flipped Learning Techniques in Engineering Courses

DR. HANDE KÜÇÜKAYDIN

TED University, 14/04/2016

FLIPPED CLASSROOM

The Flipped Classroom



Students practice applying key concepts with feedback

OUT OF CLASS

GOAL

GOAL

Students prepare to participate in class activities

BEFORE

Students check their understanding and extend their learning

GOAL

IN CLASS

At Home At Home In Class



INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

- A course which is not content-wise intensive.
- Every week a different topic.
- Some guest lecturers.
- Every topic that is covered is given by providing only the basic/simple stuff.
- Totally flipped.



TOTALLY FLIPPED

- Everything that should be covered within the class is given in the videos.
- Tradeoff:

– Approximately 18-20 minutes long videos.

- The class starts with some applications in Excel (if possible).
- The students who bring their electronic devices followed those applications quickly.
- In-class exercises: 5-10 questions.



PREPARING THE VIDEOS BY YOURSELF

- Started with Camtasia.
- 1st step: prepare the presentation (15-20 slides).
- 2nd step: write down everything on a paper.
- 3rd step: rehearsal.
- 4th step: shoot the video.
 - If you do any mistake, do not stop. Just repeat what you want to say in the correct way.
- 5th step: edit the video (takes too much time)



PROS & CONS







comfortable







PREPARING THE VIDEOS IN STUDIO

- 1st step: prepare the presentation (15-20 slides)
 Slides become more crowded.
- 2nd step: add notes to your presentation.
- 3rd step: rehearsal.
 - Tradeoff between long rehearsal & spent time in the studio.
 - Solution: a prompter.
- 4th step: go to the studio.



PROS & CONS

getting rid of editing



looks more professional



shorter video shooting time



no time flexibility



not comfortable



more nervous at the beginning



COURSE MATERIAL

- 1. Video presentations
- 2. In-class exercises
- 3. Excel exercises (if any)







IN-CLASS ACTIVITIES

- In-class activities mainly consist of exercises related to the video.
- Groups of students of varying size.
- 1st year: randomly determining the groups & assigning group leaders every week.
 - did not work!
- 2nd year: students determined their groups (of varying sizes).
- 1^{st} year: 10 students \rightarrow only lecturer is me.
- 2^{nd} year: 2 sections, each with 30 students \rightarrow get help from a teaching assistant.
- Recommendations:
 - if the no. of students in your class is greater than 20, get help from teaching and/or student assistants.
 - make sure that every student stays in his/her assigned section.
- If the exercises are not finished by most of the groups, continue in the next class.



STUDENT ENGAGEMENT

- $\geq 1^{st}$ year:
 - ✓ Optional quizzes on Blackboard → bonus points.
 - \checkmark Paid attention to each student's in-class activity.
- \geq 2nd year:
 - ✓ Video presentations uploaded just before the midterm & final exams.
 - ✓ 10% participation.
- ≻ Next year:
 - ✓ 15% participation.
 - \checkmark Active videos.
 - ✓ 2 successful students from the 2^{nd} year = student assistants for the next year.



SHOW THEM HOW TO WATCH THE VIDEO IN THE FIRST LECTURE.



OPERATIONS RESEARCH I COURSE

- One of the most important courses in Industrial Engineering.
- 6 ECTS course taught in Spring semester
- 3 hours per week
- 4 quizzes + 1 midterm exam + 1 mini-project + 1 final exam
- No participation grade needed



COURSE MATERIAL

- 1. Videos
- 2. Lecture presentations
- 3. Textbook
- 4. In-class exercises



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR VIDEOS

- Started to get prepared in Fall.
- Prepare approximately 10 slides with large font size & good quality pictures.
- Shoot independent videos:
 - Every video covers only one topic.
 - Do not refer to other videos.
 - No time related phrases.
- Try to divide the videos if they take more than 10-15 minutes.
- Try to give a summary or an introduction in the videos.
- Be careful with the copyright issues.
- How to start & end the video?



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LECTURE PRESENTATIONS & TEXTBOOK

- Find a textbook with well-prepared presentations.
- Enlarge the video slides or at least include some of them in the lecture presentations.
- Try to give everything in the lecture presentations.
- Make the presentations available before the class.
- Encourage the students to take their notes on the slides.
- Encourage the students to use the textbook

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IN-CLASS EXERCISES

- Prepare 3-5 in-class exercises.
- At least one straightforward exercise, the rest more complicated & instructive.
- Teaching and/or student assistants needed for large classes.



TIME ALLOCATION OF DIFFERENT ACTIVITIES

- Before class: make the video available.
- In-class:
 - one day only lecture: students more passive, try to engage them with asking questions.
 - one day only exercises: students totally active.
- After-class:
 - try to finish the exercises within a time limit (at most 2 days).
 - else they finish them at home & check the solutions with me within the class or in my office.



COMPUTATIONAL METHODS FOR IE

- A freshman course with 6 ECTS.
- This year the content changed.
- Spreadsheet-Based Decision Support Systems.
- Divided into two parts: 1) Excel, 2) VBA
- 3 hours per week.
- All lectures in computer laboratory.
- 1 midterm exam (in lab) + 1 assignment + 1 term project + 1 final exam (in lab).



COURSE MATERIAL

- 1. Videos
- 2. Lecture presentations
- 3. Textbook
- 4. In-class exercises



ACTIVITIES

- Videos made available before the class \rightarrow Youtube links on Blackboard.
- Give 20-30 minutes presentation on the topic.
- Make presentation related exercises with the students.
- In-class exercises where they work individually or in groups of 2-3. Help: 2 teaching assistants + me
 - Part I (Excel): 3-6 exercises
 - Part II (VBA): 1-2 exercises
- Out-of-class activity: students finish their codes in VBA.
- Recommendation: grade those exercises.



ANY QUESTIONS?



E-mail: hande.kucukaydin@mef.edu.tr

